MULTI-CHOICE QUESTIONS for

*The Chronicles of Paki - NZ's Untold Story*

***TE WIKI***

1 Before Britain could do anything about establishing law to control the lawless behaviour of British settlers in New Zealand, what did it have to do?

a) Develop better relationships with the Chiefs

**b) Establish a formal agreement with the Chiefs**

c) Provide goods such as metal implements to the Chiefs

d) Educate the Chiefs

2 What is the name of the ship that brought Captain Hobson to New Zealand in 1840?

a) The *Busby*

**b) The *Herald***

c) The *HMS*

d) The *Queen Victoria*

3 What was the task given to James Busby when he took the position of British Resident to New Zealand in 1833?

a) To try to keep law and order in New Zealand

b) To help build the relationship between Māoriand the settlers

c) Neither a) nor b) above

**d) Both a) and b) above**

4 Captain Hobson brought with him a document from Lord Normanby. What was the purpose of this eight page document?

a) To outline how Māoriland was to be divided

**b) To outline the ideas and contents of the Treaty**

c) To help navigate the journey to New Zealand from Britain

d) To introduce Captain Hobson to James Busby

5 How were the instructions in Lord Normanby's brief different to how Britain had operated in its other colonies in the past?

a) These instructions would involve a lot more effort

b) These instructions said to respect the requests of the indigenous people

c) These instructions said to respect the land of the indigenous people

**d) All of the above**

6 On the 29th of January, 1840 It was decided to hold a hui with the chiefs. The Treaty document was not written up at this point. How much time was there to prepare the Treaty document?

a) One month

b) Two weeks

**c) One week**

d) Ten days

7 Where was the hui to be held?

a) On the beach at Waitangi

b) In the Māoripā at Waitangi

**c) On the lawn of the home of James Busby at Waitangi**

d) In the yard of Henry Williams

8 Who printed out the invitation to the chiefs to come to the hui?

**a) Missionary William Colenso**

b) Missionary Henry Williams

c) James Busby

d) Captain William Hobson

9 What was the New Zealand Company?

a) An organisation from the Colonial Office in Britain to enforce law in New Zealand

**b) A private company that bought and sold land in New Zealand**

c) A company of Christians who wanted to protect Māoriland

d) A company of chiefs who wanted to protect their land

10 There was a delay in writing up the Treaty document. What was the cause of this delay?

a) There was no one to translate the document into te reo Māori

**b) Captain Hobson became ill**

c) The document was lengthy and complex, and therefore very time consuming to write

d) None of the above

11 Who ended up writing the greater part of the Treaty of Waitangi?

a) Henry Williams

b) Captain Hobson

c) William Colenso

**d) James Busby**

12 How long did this person have to write up The Treaty (noting that the English version still had to be translated into te reo Māori)?

**a) Three days**

b) Two weeks

c) One week

d) Ten days

13 The document was given to Henry Williams and his son Edward to translate into te reo Māori. How much time were they given to translate it?

a) Three days

**b) Over night**

c) One week

d) Four days

14 What were some of the difficulties in the translation?

a) The document would become too long if translated into te reo Māori

b) Henry and Edward did not understand te reo Māoriwell enough

**c) There were some words in English that according to Williams did not have an equivalent in Māori at that time**

d) Because they had been speaking te reo Māorifor so long, Henry and his son did not fully understand the English version of The Treaty

15 What was the date for the first hui to discuss the contents of The Treaty?

**a) 5th of February, 1840**

b) 6th of February, 1840

c) 7th of February, 1840

d) 8th of February, 1840

16 What had to be done just before the hui was to begin?

**a) Hobson, Henry Williams, James Busby and others had to check the document over one final time**

b) Several copies had to be printed out

c) Several prominent chiefs were asked to check the document

d) All of the above

17 What is the main feeling in the pre-amble of the Treaty document?

a) That Queen Victoria wishes to set up her government in New Zealand

b) That Queen Victoria desires to enforce law in New Zealand

**c) That Queen Victoria wishes the very best for the Chiefs of New Zealand**

d) That Queen Victoria wants the Chiefs to give up governorship of New Zealand

18 Why does Article One request that the Chiefs give to the Queen of England the complete government of the land?

a) So that the Chief's no longer need to feel the pressure of governing New Zealand

**b) So that the Queen can enforce law that will control lawless British settlers in New Zealand**

c) So that more English people can come to New Zealand

d) So that William Hobson can govern all those part of New Zealand that the Chiefs and tribes have given up

19 What statement best summarises Article Two of The Treaty?

**a) The Queen guarantees to protect the property of the Chiefs, and that her agent will administer all land sales**

b) The Queen will take over all land sales in New Zealand

c) The Queen will manage the land and possessions of the chiefs in New Zealand

d) The Queen agrees to protect the chiefs and all Māoriin New Zealand

20 What statement best summarises Article Three of The Treaty?

a) The Queen will protect all Māoripeople in New Zealand

b) Māoriwill be given equality with British people in New Zealand

**c) Māori people will be protected by the Queen and given the same rights and privileges as British people**

d) It was put there to appease the Chiefs and get them on side